

MANGERE BRIDGE SCHOOL

Annual Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2023

Index

Page Statement

- 1 Statement of Responsibility
- 2 Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense
- 3 Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity
- 4 Statement of Financial Position
- 5 Statement of Cash Flows
- 6 20 Notes to the Financial Statements

Independent Auditor's Report



MANGERE BRIDGE SCHOOL

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

School Directory

Ministry Number:	1346
Principal:	Bernice Mata'utia
School Address:	Coronation Road, Mangere Bridge
School Postal Address:	P O Box 59040, Mangere Bridge, Manukau, 2151
School Phone:	09 636 7304
School Email:	office@mangerebridge.school.nz

Accountant / Service Provider:

Education Services. Dedicated to your school



Mangere Bridge School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2023

		2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue		Ŷ	\$	\$
Government Grants	2	4 007 400		
Locally Raised Funds	2 3	4,067,186	3,843,612	4,186,938
Interest	3	192,849	69,000	242,194
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		10,621	2,500	2,842
Other Revenue		107	-	
		168	-	414
Total Revenue	-	4,270,931	3,915,112	4,432,388
Expense			-,	4,402,000
Locally Raised Funds	0			
Learning Resources	3	54,372	10,000	29,838
Administration	4	2,995,104	2,828,132	2,893,943
Interest	5	295,821	253,336	282,994
Property	20-22	5,988	5,916	7,972
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	6	993,364	940,578	996,219
and Equipment		299	())	228
Total Expense	-	4,344,948	4,037,962	4,211,194
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		(74 017)		
		(74,017)	(122,850)	221,194
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		(1 2)	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year				
	=	(74,017)	(122,850)	221,194

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.





Mangere Bridge School

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2023

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others, as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2023 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Full Name of Presiding Member

NICOLA OWEN

Signature of Presiding Member

12/09/2024

Date:

Principal

Bernice Matautia Signature of Principal



Mangere Bridge School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023	2023 Budget	2022
		Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Equity at 1 January	-	536,117	529,921	298,499
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		(74,017) 19	(122,850) -	221,194 16,424
Equity at 31 December	-	462,119	407,071	536,117
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		462,119	407,071	536,117
Equity at 31 December		462,119	407,071	536,117

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Mangere Bridge School Annual Report and Financial Statements





Mangere Bridge School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2023

	Notes	2023	2023 Budget	2022
		Notes Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	236,998	69,080	259,998
Accounts Receivable	8	226,044	205,756	200,998
GST Receivable		11,857	43,649	7,369
Prepayments		17,085	15,242	16,578
Inventories	9	-	28,547	31,093
Funds Receivable for Capital Works Projects	15	7,799		16,897
	-	499,783	362,274	532,933
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	11	263,894	219,736	231,047
Revenue Received in Advance	12	6,669	-	
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	13	112,000	40,134	98,727
Finance Lease Liability	14	31,744	32,039	32,688
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	15	-	-	4,200
		414,307	291,909	366,662
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		85,476	70,365	166,271
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	10	557,111	538,769	519,343
	-	557,111	538,769	519,343
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	13	147,420	164,033	121,400
Finance Lease Liability	14	33,048	38,030	28,097
	a).	180,468	202,063	149,497
Net Assets	- 	462,119	407,071	536,117
Equity	-	462,119	407,071	536,117

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Mangere Bridge School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 2023 Budget	2022	
		Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		983,870	891,850	1,129,435
Locally Raised Funds		163,582	69,000	237,809
International Students		3,235	-	
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(4,488)	2	36,280
Payments to Employees		(606,883)	(541,851)	(615,672)
Payments to Suppliers		(432,312)	(487,149)	(535,985)
Interest Paid		(5,988)	(5,916)	(7,972)
Interest Received		10,621	2,500	3,578
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities	-	111,637	(71,566)	247,473
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(105, 627)	(86,000)	(58,161)
Proceeds from Sale of Investments		-	-	65,400
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities	-	(105,627)	(86,000)	7,239
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		19		16,424
Finance Lease Payments		(33,927)	(41,008)	(29,966)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Other Parties		4,898	-	(248,826)
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities	-	(29,010)	(41,008)	(262,368)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-	(23,000)	(198,574)	(7,656)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	259,998	267,654	267,654
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7 -	236,998	69,080	259,998

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries, and the use of land and buildings grant and expense and other notional items have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.





Mangere Bridge School Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2023

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Mangere Bridge School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 13.





Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 10.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee.

Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 14. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 20b.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives:

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met, funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

Mangere Bridge School Annual Report and Financial Statements







Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

e) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

g) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

h) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprised of Uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

i) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is material.

j) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.





Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:	
Building Improvements	6-40 years
Buildings	40 years
Furniture and Equipment	4-15 years
Information and Communication Technology	3-8 years
Library Resources	8 years DV
Leased assets held under a Finance Lease	Term of Lease

k) Intangible Assets

Software costs

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance and research expenditure are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

I) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell, the School engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information. The valuation is based on a comparison to recent market transactions.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

m) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.





n) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, to but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

o) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees or grants are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees or grants are earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

p) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

q) Funds held for Capital works

The school directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose. As such, these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

r) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. In instances where funds are outside of the School's control, these amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.





s) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The Schools carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period. The economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the school to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

t) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in surplus or deficit unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to surplus or deficit.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

u) Borrowings

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the school has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

v) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

w) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

x) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.





2. Government Grants

	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Concernant Counts Minister of Ed.	\$	ş	5
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	971,121	887,850	1,101,277
Teachers' Salaries Grants	2,348,135	2,234,977	2,275,702
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	738,685	710,785	785,397
Other Government Grants	9,245	10,000	24,562
	4,067,186	3,843,612	4,186,938

The school has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$57,024.

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

and the second of the second o			
	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	` S	S
Donations & Bequests	22,748		129,188
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	23,581	14,000	22,023
Trading	42,572	25,000	31,287
Fundraising & Community Grants	100,713	30,000	59,696
International Students	3,235	-	-
	192,849	69,000	242,194
Expense			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	7,857	-	3,873
Trading	38,281	10,000	16,110
Fundraising & Community Grant Costs	8,234	-	9,855
	54,372	10,000	29,838
Surplus for the year Locally raised funds	138,477	59,000	212,356

During the year the School hosted 2 International students (2022:2)

4. Learning Resources

	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	98,116	148,926	83,786
Library Resources	4,181	3,000	2,180
Employee Benefits - Salaries	2,745,648	2,555,306	2,678,161
Staff Development	34,612	23,900	36,404
Depreciation	112,547	97,000	93,412
	2,995,104	2,828,132	2,893,943





5. Administration

	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fees	7,557	7,557	7,337
Board Fees	4,648	4,700	4,655
Board Expenses	12,196	5,800	15,277
Communication	246	350	260
Consumables	14,185	9,800	9,524
Operating Leases	1,470	-	
Legal Fees	13,125	2	-
Other	45,150	30,410	38,332
Employee Benefits - Salaries	171,563	170,229	184,287
Insurance	13,201	12,000	11,646
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	12,480	12,490	11,676
	295,821	253,336	282,994

6. Property

	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	64,412	67,500	58,607
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	39,293	40,000	49,281
Grounds	20,870	12,000	15,328
Heat, Light and Water	25,419	29,000	30,225
Repairs and Maintenance	38,966	22,000	14.976
Use of Land and Buildings	738,685	710,785	785.397
Security	12,870	8,000	5.870
Employee Benefits - Salaries	52,849	51,293	36,535
	993,364	940,578	996,219

_ _ _ _

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2023	2023 Budget	2022
Bank Accounts	Actual \$ 236,998	(Unaudited) \$ 69,080	Actual \$ 259,998
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	236,998	69,080	259,998

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.



Education Services.

8. Accounts Receivable

-

6. Accounts Receivable			
	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	S
Receivables	31,509	333	1,494
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	-	1	15,656
Interest Receivable	2 2	736	-
Banking Staffing Underuse	1991) 1991	31,175	-
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	194,535	173,512	183,848
	226,044	205,756	200,998
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	04 500		
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	31,509	1,069	1,494
	194,535	204,687	199,504
	226,044	205,756	200,998
9. Inventories			
	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Uniforms		28,547	31,093
	-	28,547	31,093



10. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2023	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Buildings	4,774	-	-		(249)	4,525
Building Improvements	83,187	-	-	-		79,374
Furniture and Equipment	299,536	54,047	-			308,499
Information and Communication Technology	68,908	50,304	(299)	-		97,003
Leased Assets	56,871	45,138	(150)	-	110 045	61,244
Library Resources	6,067	1,275	· -	-	(876)	6,466
Balance at 31 December 2023	519,343	150,764	(449)	-	(112,547)	557,111

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$61,244 (2022: \$56,871) *Restrictions*

With the exception of the contractual restrictions related to the above noted finance leases, there are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2023	2023	2023	2022	2022	2022
	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Buildings	10,002	(5,477)	4,525	10.002	(5,228)	4,774
Building Improvements	150,143	(70,769)	79,374	150,143	(66,956)	83,187
Furniture and Equipment	628,239	(319,740)	308,499	574,191	(274,655)	299,536
Information and Communication Technology	203,362	(106,359)	97,003	163,209	(94,301)	68,908
Leased Assets	123,567	(62,323)	61,244	120,197	(63,326)	56,871
Library Resources	29,554	(23,088)	6,466	28,279	(22,212)	6,067
Balance at 31 December	1,144,867	(587,756)	557,111	1,046,021	(526,678)	519,343

11. Accounts Payable

	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Creditors	\$	\$	\$
Accruals	31,306	21,998	15,150
Employee Entitlements - Salaries Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	7,557 194,535 30,496	7,124 173,512 17,102	7,337 183,848 24,712
	263,894	219,736	231,047
Payables for Exchange Transactions	263,894	219,736	231,047
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	-		
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other			-
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value	263,894	219,736	231,047

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.



Education Services.

12. Revenue Received in Advance

	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Grants in Advance - Ministry of Education	6,669	-	-
	6,669	-	

13. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

is. Frovision for Cyclical Maintenance			
	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	S	\$	\$
Provision at the Start of the Year	220,127	164,167	204,167
Increase to the Provision During the Year	39,520	40,000	39,293
Use of the Provision During the Year	-	-	(33,321)
Other Adjustments	(227)	(1 4)	9,988
Provision at the End of the Year	259,420	204,167	220,127
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	112,000	40,134	98,727
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	147,420	164,033	121,400
	259,420	204,167	220,127

Per the cyclical maintenance schedule, the school is next expected to undertake painting works during 2024. This plan is based on the schools 10 Year Property plan / painting quotes.

14. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	35,603	32,039	37,713
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	34,882	38,030	30,416
Future Finance Charges	(5,693)	-	(7,344)
	64,792	70,069	60,785
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	31,744	32,039	32,688
Finance lease liability - Non current	33,048	38,030	28,097
	64,792	70,069	60,785



15. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works projects is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 7.

SIP Funding: All Weather Canopy LSC Conversion NIWA January Flooding Event	2023	Project No. 222446 219803 241111	Opening Balances \$ 4,200 (16,897)	Receipts from MoE \$ - 14,731 -	Payments \$ (4,200) 2,166 (7,799)		Closing Balances \$ - - (7,799)
Totals			(12,697)	14,731	(9,833)	-	(7,799)
Represented by: Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Funds Receivable from the Ministry of I							(7,799)

2022	Project No.	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions	Closing Balances \$
Electrical Project		6,558	-	(6,558)	-	20 N <u>a</u> r
Heating Project	206297	2,812	-	(2,812)		
Replace roofing, flashings and spoutings	226923	(34,676)	34,676	a a 2	-	-
Electrical Infrastructure	230053	136,987	20,794	(157,781)		114
Heat Pumps x4	230054	(11,957)	23,962	(12,005)	-	
Rms 11&12 Replace Landings & Steps	230055	-	41,681	(41,681)	12	-
SIP Funding: All Weather Canopy	222446	214,095	27,304	(237,199)	-	4,200
LSC Conversion	219803	(77,690)	132,577	(71,784)		(16,897)
Totals		236,129	280,994	(529,820)	-	(12,697)
Represented by:						
Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Educa	tion					4.200
Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Educat	ion					4,200

16. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.



(16,897)



17. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2023 Actual \$	2022 Actual \$
Board Members		
Remuneration	4,648	4,655
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	938,401	909,966
Full-time equivalent members	8.48	9.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	943,049	914,621

There are 6 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board has held 11 full meetings of the Board in the year. The Board also has a Finance (4 members) Committee that met 12 times. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding Member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings.

Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2023 Actual	2022 Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	150 - 160	140 - 150
Benefits and Other Emoluments	4 - 5	4 - 5
Termination Benefits	-	-

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2023	2022
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
100 - 110	4.00	2.00
110 - 120	1.00	1.00
- 	5.00	3.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

18. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2023	2022
	Actual	Actual
Total	\$15,000	-
Number of People	1	-





19. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities and no contingent assets (except as noted below) as at 31 December 2023 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2022: the same).

In 2023 the Ministry of Education provided additional funding for both the Support Staff in Schools' Collective Agreement (CA) Settlement and the Teacher Aide Pay Equity Settlement. The school is still yet to receive a final wash up that adjusts the estimated quarterly instalments for the actual teacher aides employed in 2023.

The Ministry is in the process of determining the amount of the final wash up payment for the year ended 31 December 2023. Even though the payment is probable, the amount to be received is not known with a high level of certainty. The school has therefore not recognised the expected receipt (asset) and income in its financial statements. The payment is expected to be received in July 2024.

Holidays Act Compliance – schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry continues to review the Schools Sector Payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. An initial remediation payment has been made to some current school employees. The Ministry is continuing to perform detailed analysis to finalise calculations and the potential impacts of specific individuals. As such, this is expected to resolve the liability for school boards.

20. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2023, the Board had capital commitments of \$2,201 (2022:\$20,877) as a result of entering the following contracts:

Contract Name	Contract Amount	Spend To Date	Remaining Capital Commitment
LIBACA .	\$	\$	\$
NIWA January Flooding Event	10,000	7,799	2,201
Total	10,000	7,799	2,201

(b) Operating Commitments

There are no operating commitments as at 31 December 2023 (Operating commitments at 31 December 2022: nil).





21. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost			
	2023	2023 Budget	2022
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 236.998	\$ 69.080	\$ 259,998
Receivables	226,044	205,756	200,998
Investments - Term Deposits		(_)	-
Total financial assets measured at amortised cost	463,042	274,836	460,996
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	263,894	219,736	231,047
Finance Leases	64,792	70,069	60,785
Total financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	328,686	289,805	291,832

22. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

23. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.

24. Breach of Law - Statutory Reporting

The Board of Trustees has failed to comply with section 137 of the Education and Training Act 2020, as the Board were unable to provide their audited financial statements to the Ministry of Education by 31 May 2024.





Mangere Bridge School

Members of the Board

Name

Simon Hughes Bernice Mata'utia Toni Hirovanaa Fale Lea'aetalafo'ou Piki Diamond Hamish Peart Nicola Owen Rebecca Walker Dale Munro Position Presiding Member Principal Parent Representative Parent Representative Parent Representative Parent Representative Parent Representative Staff Representative Staff Representative

How	Term
Position	Expired/
Gained	Expires
Elected	Sep 2025
ex Officio	
Elected	Feb 2023
Elected	Mar 2024
Elected	Sep 2025
Elected	Feb 2024
Co-opted	Sep 2025
Elected	Jul 2023
Elected	Jan 2024



Mangere Bridge School

Kiwisport

Kiwisport is a Government funding initiative to support students' participation in organised sport. In 2023, the school received total Kiwisport funding of \$5,098 (excluding GST). The funding was spent on sporting endeavours.

Statement of Compliance with Employment Policy

For the year ended 31st December 2023 the Mangere Bridge School Board:

Has developed and implemented personnel policies, within policy and procedural frameworks to ensure the fair and
proper treatment of employees in all aspects of their employment

Has reviewed its compliance against both its personnel policy and procedures and can report that it meets all

requirements and identified best practice.

 Is a good employer and complies with the conditions contained in the employment contracts of all staff employed by the Board.

 Ensures all employees and applicants for employment are treated according to their skills, qualifications and abilities, without bias or discrimination.

Meets all Equal Employment Opportunities requirements.



Independent auditor's report

To the readers of the financial statements of Mangere Bridge School for the year ended 31 December 2023

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Mangere Bridge School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Andrew Steel, using the staff and resources of Moore Markhams Wellington Audit, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 20, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - its financial position as at 31 December 2023, and
 - its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Sector - Public Benefit Entity Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime (Public Sector PBE Standards RDR)

Our audit was completed on 20 September 2024. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for Opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Board for the financial statements

The Board is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. The Board is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board is also responsible for disclosing, as

Moore Markhams is a network of independent firms that are each members of Moore Global Network Limited. Member firms in principal cities throughout the world.

Moore Markhams Wellington Audit is a partnership of MK Rania and AJ Steel. Moore Markhams independent member firms in New Zealand are in Auckland -Christchurch – Dunedin – Hawke's Bay – Queenstown – Wairarapa – Wanganui – Waverley – Wellington.



applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities arise from section 134 of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.



- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the school payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

Our responsibilities arise from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included on pages 2 to 20, and pages 21 to 39 but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

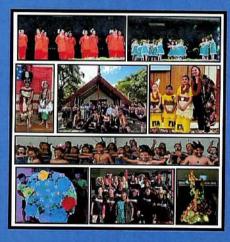
We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1: *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

Andrew Steel | **Moore Markhams Wellington Audit** On behalf of the Auditor-General |Wellington, New Zealand



Maangere Bridge School Annual Report 2023



Principal Report 2023

At the end of 2023 our students and staff celebrated successes through shifts in literacy student progress and welcoming new whaanau and families to Maangere Bridge School.

Our student inquiry theme 'Te whakatipu tahi i to tatou heke mai' 'Growing our Future Together' through our community, our gardens, our knowledge, our hauora and our tamariki's learning provided opportunities and experiences that were successful. Our Wearable Arts show 'Te Kahutoi' showcased the visual arts over two nights with positive feedback from our parents who supported this special event.

The year did not start well with the extreme weather conditions and flooding in Auckland towards the end of January. Our school resource room was affected by the storm as well as families in the Mangere community whose homes were affected. Due to the flooding the school remained closed according to the Ministry of Education and Government guidelines through Met Services.

There were changes in staffing throughout the year and appointments required to support an increase of roll growth and staff leaving. Our teachers were involved in staff professional development to support the implementation of the Refresh Curriculum 'Te Mataiaho', the Common Practice Model and NZ Aotearoa Histories through Social Science. The trial and implementation of the Better Start Literacy Approach at the end of Term 4 has supported the focus of structured literacy and effective practice for our teachers.

Board members participated in Professional development as part of Governance and a commitment towards 'Giving effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi' and as part of legislation requirements aligning with our strategic goals. We continued to have community hui and pasifika fono as part of ongoing partnership and engagement with our parents and families, collecting their feedback of aspirations for their child.

Attendance and engagement has been a priority by the government for students returning to school post covid and Ministry of Education funding was provided to support initiatives in schools including our Kaahui Ako. We look forward to the exciting events for 2024 that include the first Year 6 School Camp and other EOTC trips.

Statement of Variance			
School Name:	Mangere Bridge School	School Number:	1346
Strategic Aim:	Goal 2 - Learning		
	To deliver an inclusive, innovative	, authentic and responsive local curriculu	m that engages all stakeholders

Analysis of Variance Reporting 2023			
Annual Aim:	The annual aim is for 85% of all MBS students working at or above curriculum level in reading with a specific focus on providing effective procedures, systems and programmes that support culturally and linguistically diverse students to reach their full potential.		
Target: 2023	The following are the annual targets: 85% of all MBS students to achieve at or above curriculum level. 85% of all Pasifika students to achieve at or above curriculum level. 85% of all Māori students to achieve at or above curriculum level. 85% of all Year 0 - 6 students to achieve at or above curriculum level.		
Baseline Data: EOY 2022	 According to the Overall Teacher Judgements (OTJ's) which are based on multiple sources of evidence collected such as standardised tests, learning conversations, referenced testing and observations the end of year 2022 data indicates the following: In Reading a total of 46% students achieving at and above curriculum level. (Excluding Te Hiaroa) In Writing a total of 35% students achieving at and above curriculum level. (Excluding Te Hiaroa) In Mathematics a total of 62% students achieving at and above curriculum level. (Including Te Hiaroa) 		
Planning for next year: Targets for 2024	The following are the annual targets in Reading, Writing and Mathematics. 70% of all MBS students achieve at or above curriculum level. 70% of all Pasifika students achieve at or above curriculum level. 70% of all Māori students achieve at or above curriculum level.		

Reporting of Reading in 2023			
Actions What did we do?	Outcomes What happened?	Reasons for the variance Why did it happen?	Evaluation Where to next?
*The leadership team and teachers analysed the mid-year student achievement data and discussed next steps in staff and whanau/team hui. *The Leadership team analysed the EOY student achievement data in staff hui and discussed school wide next steps *Teachers were involved in tracking and analysing student achievement data *The Leadership team met at the beginning and mid-year to discuss an action plan and next steps. *Teachers shared student achievement and identified specific needs and recommendations to inform planning *Staff Hui involved school wide moderation in reading using the reading learning progressions framework and PaCT *Reading Recovery to support at risk readers *ALL (Accelerated Literacy Learning) groups school wide working with the Deputy Principal *ELL Support with TA's working closely alongside ESOL students *Review of student's attendance and whanau engagement process to improve engagement specifically for Māori and Pasifika learners,	The EOY Reports on Student progress and achievement 2023 highlighted the following: In Reading a total of 52% students achieved at and above curriculum level. (Excluding Te Hiaroa)	 New Entrant students are arriving at school with very low literacy foundation skills specifically in oral language. Increase in English Second language learners and students with diverse speech language needs at MBS Increase in students entering school with neurodiverse and high needs who required a primary focus on school readiness and transition to school. Lack of Attendance and Whanau Engagement has impacted on literacy acquisition and progress Large class size numbers 	 To set specific literacy goals that align with the Annual Implementation Plan 2024 To provide ongoing training for all junior teachers to deliver BSLA Better Start Literacy Approach To provide training for teacher aides to support teachers to deliver BSL Better Start Literacy Approach To continue implementing an average of one hour a day of reading. To induct new staff to understand and recognise MBS reading expectations and norms. To schedule staff professional development to support the implementation of the Curriculum refresh and any new Structured Literacy approaches according to MOE guidelines and legislation. To continue using the Learning Progression Framework LPF and PaCT tool for moderating student's progress in reading. To review assessment data and reporting timeline. To schedule and continue class observations in reading and provide constructive feedback with next steps supported by Professional Growth Cycle coaches and leadership team. To continue to reference professional readings using evidence-based research.

Reporting of Reading in 2023			
Actions What did we do?	Outcomes What happened?	Reasons for the variance Why did it happen?	Evaluation Where to next?
*Trial of BSLA Better Start Literacy Approach for Years 1 – 3 students in Piiwaiwaka and BSLA training for teachers *Leadership Professional Development on evidence-based research 'Teaching to the Northeast' Relationships First Russel Bishop *Professional Growth Cycle conversations including Observations and feedback	(refer to above page)	(refer to above page)	 To provide whanau engagement programmes and literacy workshops to target Mãori and Pasifika whanau to be fully engaged. To monitor and gather attendance data of whanau and provide opportunities to engage using internal and external resources through MOE and other providers. To provide resources for teachers and whanau with students who have moderate to high learning and behaviour needs through MOE funding, Learning Support, and external agencies. To embed and sustain PB4L framework and MBS way to improve positive behaviour and learning. To review and implement the Pacific Education Plan and Mãori Achieving Strategic Plan in collaboration with whanau through Community Hui and Pasifika Fono To review the Teaching and Learning site for Reading.

Reporting of Writing in 2023			
Actions What did we do?	Outcomes What happened?	Reasons for the variance Why did it happen?	Evaluation Where to next?
 The leadership team and teachers analysed the mid-year student achievement data and discussed next steps in staff and whanau/team hul. The Leadership team analysed the EOY student achievement data and discussed school wide next steps Teachers were involved in tracking and analysing student achievement data The Leadership team met at the beginning and mid-year to discuss an action plan and next steps. Teachers shared student achievement and identified specific needs and recommendations to inform planning Staff Hui involved school wide moderation in writing using the writing learning progressions framework and PaCT ELL Support with TA's working closely alongside ESOL students in writing Review of student's attendance and whanau engagement process to improve engagement specifically for Māori and Pasifika learners Writers Toolbox introduced and trialled for Years 4 – 6 students in Kea Leadership Professional Development on evidence-based research 'Teaching to the Northeast' Relationships First Russel Bishop Professional Growth Cycle conversations including Observations and feedback 	The EOY Reports on Student progress and achievement 2023 highlighted the following: In Writing a total of 43% students achieving at and above curriculum level. (Excluding Te Hiaroa)	*New Entrant students are arriving at school with very low literacy foundation skills specifically in oral language *Increase in English Second language learners and students with diverse speech language needs at MBS *Increase in students entering school with neurodiverse and high needs who required a primary focus on school readiness and transition to school. *Lack of Attendance and Whanau Engagement has impacted on literacy acquisition and progress *Large class size numbers	To set specific literacy goals that align with the Annual Implementation Plan 2024 To provide ongoing training for all Kea teachers Years 4 – 6 to deliver Writers Toolbox. To continue implementing an average of one hour a day of writing. To induct new staff to understand and recognise MBS reading expectations and norms. To schedule staff professional development to support the implementation of the Curriculum refresh and any new Structured Literacy approaches according to MOE guidelines and legislation. To continue using the Learning Progression Framework LPF and PaCT tool for moderating student's progress in writing. To review assessment data and reporting timeline. To schedule and continue class observations in writing and provide constructive feedback with next steps supported by Professional Growth Cycle coaches and leadership team. To continue to reference professional readings using evidence-based research. To provide whanau engagement programmes and literacy workshops to target Māori and Pasifika whanau to be fully engaged. To monitor and gather attendance data of whanau and provide opportunities to engage using internal and external resources through MOE and other providers. To provide resources for teachers and whanau with students who have moderate to high learning and behaviour needs through MOE funding, Learning Support, and external agencies. To embed and sustain PB4L framework and MBS way to improve positive behaviour and learning. To review and implement the Pacific Education Plan and Mãori Achieving Strategic Plan in collaboration with whanau through Community Hui and Pasifika Fono To review the Teaching and Learning site for Writing.

Actions	Outcomes	Reasons for the variance	Evaluation
What did we do?	What happened?	Why did it happen?	Where to next?
 *Curriculum Leader (DP) led maths moderation school wide using the Maths learning progression framework/PaCT leading to increase teacher knowledge *Teacher Observations and in class support to strengthen effective practice *Continued to develop teacher capability in delivery of problem-solving maths *The leadership team and teachers analysed the mid-year student achievement data and discussed next steps in staff and whanau/team hui. *The Leadership team analysed the EOY student achievement data and discussed school wide next steps *Teachers were involved in tracking and analysing student achievement data *Teachers were involved in tracking and analysing student achievement data *Teachers shared student achievement and identified specific needs and recommendations to inform planning *ELL Support for Teachers and Teacher aides working closely alongside ELL students *Review of student's attendance and whanau engagement process to improve engagement specifically for Māori and Pasifika leamers *Leadership Professional Development an evidence-based research 'Teaching to the Nartheast' Relationships First Russel Bishop *Professional Growth Cycle conversations including Observations and feedback 	The EOY Report on Student progress and achievement 2023 highlighted the following: In Mathematics a total of 57% students achieving at and above curriculum level. (Including Te Hiaroa)	*New Entrant students are arriving at school with very low literacy foundation skills specifically in oral language impacting on communication and problem-solving skills *Increase in English Second language learners *Increase in students entering school with neurodiverse and high needs who required a primary focus on school readiness and transition to school. *Lack of Attendance and Whanau Engagement has impacted on literacy acquisition and progress *Large class size numbers	To sel specific Mathematics goals that align with the Annual Implementation Plan 2024 To provide ongoing professional development for all teachers in Mathematics To continue implementing an average of one hour a day of maths To induct new staff to understand and recognise MBS reading expectations and norms. To schedule staff professional development to suppor the implementation of the Maths Curriculum and Mathematics approaches according to MOE guidelines and legislation. To continue using the Learning Progression Framework LPF and PaCI tool for moderating student's progress in Mathematics. To review assessment data and reporting timeline. To schedule and continue class observations in Mathematics and provide constructive feedback with next steps supported by Professional Growth Cycle coaches and leadership team. To continue to reference professional readings using evidence-based research. To provide whanau engagement programmes to target Māori and Pasifika whanau to be fully engaged. To monitor and gather attendance data of whanau and provide opportunities through external resources. To provide resources for teachers and whanau with students who have moderate to high learning and behaviour needs through MOE funding, Learning Support, and external agencies. To embed and sustain PB4L framework and MBS way. To review and implement the Pacific Education Plan and Māori Achieving Strategic Plan in collaboration with whanau through Community Hui, Pasifika Fono. To review the Teaching and Learning site for Mathematics.

We are a school that submits data each term to 'Everyday matters report'

The following Goal aligns with our MBS Strategic Goal 1'Aroha' 'We Care' and the NELP National Education Learning Priority Objective 1 'Learners at the Centre' Priorities 1 and 2, Objective 2 'Barrier-free Access' and Priorities 3 and 4. The target for 2024 is to improve, shift and achieve an average of 90% attendance for all students to attend school between 80 and 100% of the time with a particular focus on engaging effectively with Māori and Pacific families.

How have we given effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi

The Act provides, in section 127, that one of the primary objectives for Boards is to give effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi through the following:

The Maangere Bridge School Board give effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi through our school policies, plans and local curriculum which reflects tikanga Maaori, Maatauranga Maaori and te ao Maaori.

Maaori Bilingual Unit - Te Hiaroa

Maangere Bridge School is located at the base of 'Te Pane o Mataoho, Maangere Mountain. We are proud to share and weave through the stories of our place and the people of our rohe. As a school we give effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi through tikanga and a culture of where Te Ao Maaori and Te Reo is embraced, protected and cherished as taonga. A significant initiative that was established together with whaanau in 2018 is the Maaori Bilingual and Biliterate Unit 'Te Hiaroa' which has a roll growth of up to 50 + students. The staff are made up of 3 Kaiako/teachers, 1 Kaiawhina/teacher aide support, a Kaiarahi/team leader and we have now appointed a Tumuaki Rua/Deputy Principal. All staff appointed in Te Hiaroa are fluent in Te Reo Maaori and understand Te Ao Maaori.

Strategic Planning

Our strategic plan and goals identifies our three goals 'Aroha, Ako, Angitu' Together 'We care, We learn, We succeed' which focuses on achieving equitable outcomes for Maaori students. Our vision statement is 'Excellence and equity for all' where we believe all tamariki can succeed.

Te Reo Maaori Leader

The school takes reasonable steps to make instruction available in tikanga Maaori and te reo Maaori. The school supports staff through learning Te Reo which is the Te Reo Maaori Leader who has begun leading Te Reo throughout the school and has supported our staff at the beginning of Staff hui/meetings by using correct pronunciation of Maaori words and sharing the history allowing our staff to model throughout the school. We use Waikato- Tainui double-vowel spelling instead of macrons for kupu Maaori in our communication with our whaanau that is shared school wide.

Poowhiri

We welcome new staff, students and whaanau to the school with Poowhiri held twice a term at the beginning and mid-term. We are privileged to have manawhenua representation on our staff who lead our Poowhiri. The school waiata represents our school values

'Kotahitanga, Manaakitanga, Kaitiakitanga and Rangatiratanga'. The haka waiata represents the school vision 'Aroha, Ako, Angitu' 'Together we care, We learn, We succeed!'.

Karakia, Waita and Basic Commands

All teachers and students begin the day with the school karakia and waiata. The staff use basic commands and greetings in Te Reo as part of their everyday programme. Whole school assemblies, Staff and team meetings also begin with karakia. Whakatauki is included in Leadership meetings and Kotahitanga which is held once a week.

Kapahaka

The school provides an opportunity for all students to participate in Kapahaka. Te Hiaroa had the opportunity to perform and represent MBS at the Kuratahi Kapa Haka Competition held in November 2022 at Te Kura Kaupapa Maaori o Maangere.

Student Learning Inquiry

The student learning inquiry concepts include a focus on learning more about Te Tiriti o Waitangi through the NZ Aotearoa Histories and Social Science Curriculum.

Pepeha

Pepeha has been taught in lessons where students can recite their own pepeha and share with their buddy classes. The special celebrations throughout the year include Matariki and celebrating the Maori New Year planned by the teachers and integrated in the teaching and learning. Te Wiki o Te Reo Maaori which is celebrated nationwide we use as a time to acknowledge the purpose and importance of protecting Te Reo an official language of Aotearoa New Zealand.

Planning

We have a Te Reo Maaori Yearly overview with a specific focus and achievement objective each term to guide our teachers. We have staff who have completed Te Reo Maaori classes up to Level 4 and whaanau who are also on a journey to learn Te Reo. Finally, all students who enrol at Maangere Bridge School are each given a one to one hui with the Tumuaki/principal during enrolment to support with understanding their child's needs. We continue to provide a safe, inclusive and culturally responsive lens that underpins Te Tiriti o Waitangi.





Mehemea ka moemoeaa ko au anake, Mehemea ka moemoea tatou, ka taea e taatou.

If I dream I dream alone, But if we dream together we can achieve anything.

Na Te Puea Herangi коралиу пи Process Te Pina Merang коралиу пи Pino dream Mera, уси Jene we алиниу пи Pino dream Mera ya pu Jene we алиниу пи Pino dream agradu we can becawa алини funga we canad been admirere area areas



Excellence and Equity for all

Statement of Compliance with Employment Policy			
Maangere Bridge School Board of Trustees cor	nplies with the principle of being a good employer		
How have you met your obligations to provide good and safe working conditions?	At Maangere Bridge School our commitment to ensuring the wellbeing of our students and staff is paramount. We follow the health and safety guidelines according to our school policies. The Board refers to the Health and Safety assurances each term and reviews policies according to <u>www.schooldocs</u> . The Board discusses and addresses items pertaining to compliance and regulations and other initiatives to ensure the school is a good and safe environment and meets the working conditions.		
What is your EEO programme? How have you been fulfilling this programme?	At Maangere Bridge School we operate an employment policy that complies with the principle of being a good employer and ensures the fair proper treatment of staff in all aspects of their employment. We provide an inclusive, non-discriminatory workplace, promoting equal opportunities for all staff members. Maangere Bridge School applies the EEO to all policies. This is to ensure that we treat current and prospective staff fairly, make decisions based on relevant merit and work to eliminate bias and discrimination. We have an EEO programme that identifies processes contributing to employment inequality. We work together to promote equal employment opportunities for all individuals and groups of people. Maangere Bridge School continues to raise awareness of discrimination and bias through the EEO programme.		
How do you practise impartial selection of suitably qualified persons for appointment?	Maangere Bridge School ensures a robust and clear process for practising impartial selection of suitably qualified persons for appointment. The process is designed by the Board and is according to the policy.		

How are you recognising, - The aims and aspirations of Māori, - The employment requirements of Māori, and Greater involvement of Māori in the Education service?	At Maangere Bridge School, we show commitment towards the aims and aspirations of Maaori through our strategic and annual plan. The employment requirement of Maaori and greater involvement of Maaori in the Education service is met through a robust appointment process of kaiako/teachers in the Maori Bilingual unit and the mainstream school. We show commitment to Te Tiriti o Waitangi and Tikanga which include ongoing consultation with Mana whenua, tangata whenua and local community and whaanau.
How have you enhanced the abilities of individual employees?	At Maangere Bridge School, we use the Professional Growth Cycle model to support and enhance the growth and development of our employees. We also provide opportunities for all staff to take on training that aligns with the strategic and annual goals.
How are you recognising the employment requirements of women?	At Mangere Bridge School we are committed to ensuring the employment requirements of women are met in the workplace through professional growth and training. We continue to provide an inclusive and equitable environment for all employees.
How are you recognising the employment requirements of persons with disabilities?	Maangere Bridge School is committed to recognising the employment requirement of persons with disabilities. We provide facilities and resources to cater for all students and staff with disabilities according to their needs. We are committed to ensuring our school is an inclusive, safe and positive environment for all staff and students with disabilities.
Reporting on EEO Programme/Policy	
Do you operate an EEO programme/policy?	Yes - Refer to <u>www.schooldocs</u> .
Has this policy or programme been made available to staff?	Yes
Does your EEO programme/policy include training to raise awareness of issues which may impact EEO?	Yes

Has your EEO programme/policy appointed someone to coordinate compliance with its requirements?	Yes The Principal
Does your EEO programme/policy provide for regular reporting on compliance with the policy and/or achievements under the policy?	Yes
Does your EEO programme/policy set priorities and objectives?	Yes

Financial Statement	
Statement of Responsibility Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity Statement of Financial Position Statement of Cash Flows Notes to the Financial Statements Independent Auditor's Report	For all the information on the left of this table please see our annual financial statements that are included on our school website.

Report on Other Special and Contestable Funding

During the year the school received funding and grants that were used according to specific purposes.